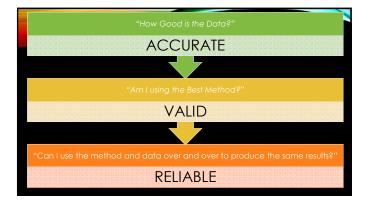


REVALUATION FRUSTRATION

"How Brave Are You?"

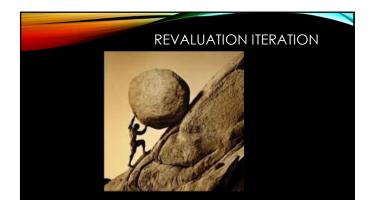


SUPPORTABLE OPINION OF VALUE ?









WHAT IS OUR QUEST?

•DEMYSTIFY •QUESTION •EMPOWER •COMMUNICATE

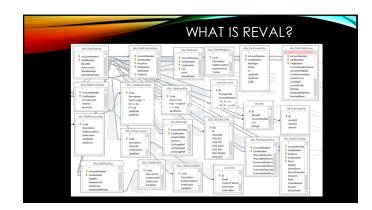
WHAT IS REVAL?

 Predicting large scale behavior with smaller sample data
 Similar to Survey Research

THE QUEST FOR REASONABLE PROBABILITY

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				JÆ	ARGON?
INTERVENING VARIABLES				EXCESS ACRES	VPD LEASED FEE
INTER	REST		EQL DIVI RAT	DEND	NEGATIVE LEASEHOLD
LEASEHOLD INTER	USPA PRD	P CAP	EFFECTIVE STRAT	TAX RATE	RESIDUAL ACRES LEASEHOLD
		RATE		OVEF	RALL RATE PROPERTY
		RATIO	COD	ASR	INVERSE RELATIONSHIP
	VALUATION MODEL		QUARTILES EXPENSE		BETWEEN SIZE AND UNIT VALUE
LAND CURVE	INFLUENCE FACTOR			RATE	GRADING



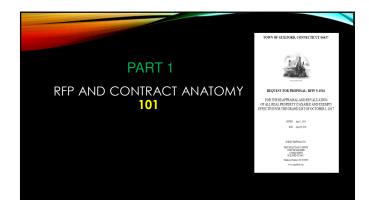




PART 1 RFP AND CONTRACT, BIDDING, CONTRACTOR SELECTION

> PART 2 THE PROJECT

PART 3 CHALLENGES AND SUCCESSES



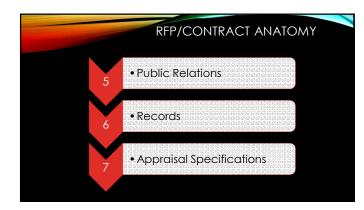
RFP/CONTRACT ANATOMY

Scope of Project

Proposal Format

Bonding and Default

Personnel



	RFP/CONTRACT ANATOM
8	• Timeline
9	Jurisdiction Responsibilities
10	• Terms and Conditions







 Listing of all municipal revaluations completed during the past five (5) years, including client contact, telephone number, size of the municipality, scope of services rendered and date completed.

✓ Listing of all municipal revaluations now underway or under contract, including client contact, telephone number, size of the municipality, scope of services to be rendered and date to be completed.

Proposal Format

✓ Listing of personnel to be assigned to TOWN'S revaluation, including years of experience in current positions and other revaluation positions, municipalities served and their roles in those revaluations.

✓ Copy of the firm's current Revaluation Certification.

✓ Indication of how many years the firm has been engaged as a company, corporation, partnership or individual specializing in municipal revaluation services.

Proposal Format

✓ Performance bond or Certified Check for ten percent (10%) of the PROPOSAL submitted.

✓ The CONTRACTOR must submit as part of the PROPOSAL FORM, a schedule and percentage of completed work, based upon the CONTRACT'S SPECIFICATIONS, as set forth in the CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS on the enclosed form.

✓ The CONTRACTOR must submit a PROPOSAL for the PROJECT as outlined in the CONTRACT and CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS.

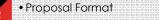


✓ The CONTRACTOR will use the TOWN'S CAMA software

✓ Description of the CONTRACTOR'S revaluation public relations program.

✓ Proposals shall be submitted accompanied by the TAX AFFIDAVIT, NON-COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT, EQUAL EMPLOYMENT-AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AFFIDAVIT and REVALUATION CERTIFICATION AFFIDAVIT.

✓ The CONTRACTOR should describe their Internet solution to share Assessment data with the public.

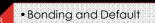


• Data mailers are required by this PROPOSAL. Therefore a comprehensive quality control plan is required and shall be submitted as part of this PROPOSAL.

✓ Exceptions shall be clearly noted, listed and described (including any price adjustments) on a separate piece of paper attached to the Proposal Form.

✓ Upon awarding of the RFP, the successful Proposer shall execute the Contract in the form included in this RFP and shall deliver the Contract together with the required Insurance Certificates and Performance bond in the amount of 100% of the total awarded bid amount within 5 (five) business days of the award notification. The bond(s) shall remain in effect for the duration of the Contract.





TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE

✓ The contractor recognizes that time is of the essence with this PROJECT and that the TOWN will suffer financial loss if the PROJECT is not completed within the times specified.

✓ The CONTRACTOR agrees that all extensions by the TOWN shall be in writing or shall be deemed ineffective.

Bonding and Default

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR DEFAULT Failure to Meet Deadlines

Ithe CONTRACTOR agrees that as liquidated damages for delays (but not as a penalty) the CONTRACTOR shall pay the TOWN one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each day that expires after the time specified in this section for substantial completion, until the PROJECT is determined in good faith to be substantially complete by the TOWN.

• Bonding and Default

QUIDATED DAMAGES FOR DEFAULT

If the CONTRACTOR shall neglect, refuse or fail to complete the remaining work within the time specified in the CONTRACT for the completion and readiness... the CONTRACTOR shall pay the TOWN one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each day that such work is not completed. These liquidated damages will apply to any termination for cause or convenience, with or without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the TOWN



YEARS OF EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS The CONTRACTOR shall provide experienced and qualified personnel, All personnel assigned to this PROJECT shall be subject to approval by the ASSESSOR

Project Supervisor

provide the ASSESSOR with a copy of the Connecticut Certificate...Ten (10) years of this experience shall have been in the mass appraisal field and shall have occurred within the past fifteen (15) years. A listing of the projects he/she has worked on over the past five 5 years and the specific duties of each project shall be provided.



Reviewers and Appraisers

Shall be **certified** under the Connecticut Revaluation Certification Program pursuant to Section 12-2c of the Connecticut General Statutes, and such other statutes and regulations that the State of Connecticut may promulgate from time to time, and shall not have less than three (3) years of practical appraisal experience in the appraisal of the particular type of properties for which they are responsible. Two (2) years of this experience shall have been in the mass appraisal field and shall have occurred within the past five (5) years

• Personnel

Data Collectors

No less than six (6) months of experience and training in this phase of a revaluation project. Any field person who does not meet the above qualifications must work under the direct supervision of an Appraiser, Reviewer or Project Supervisor, The PROJECT Manager is required to notify the ASSESSOR of the names, starting dates, qualifications, and field assignments of all Measurers and Listers. The minimum age for Measurers and Listers shall be twenty-one (21) years of age.



The CONTRACTOR must be prepared to conduct a public information campaign which includes media releases, oral presentations and an introductory letter of introduction to all taxpayers.

All information and releases must have prior approval of the ASSESSOR.

With the participation and approval of the ASSESSOR, individual presentations shall be directed to taxpayers, local officials, business and civic groups so that they may better understand the scope and objectives of the PROJECT. This campaign shall continue on a regular basis for the duration of the PROJECT.



Any file conversion or conversions are the sole responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.



The original or a **copy of all records and computations**, including machine readable databases, made by CONTRACTOR in connection with any appraisal of property in the TOWN **shall**, **at all times**, **be the property of the TOWN** and, upon completion of the project or termination of this contract by the TOWN, shall be **left in good order** in the custody of the ASSESSOR.



The CONTRACTOR shall complete, print and file by property location, Property Record Cards...These cards shall be printed on paper stock of at least 65 lbs. These cards shall contain...including but not limited to, information as to location of property, classification as to usage, owner of information as to location of prop record, source of title, size, sha with the breakdown of front fee along with the unit of value app public improvements, census t ierty, classme pe and physical Charas et, square feet or acreage as appm plicable to each, public utilities available, plicable to each, public utilities available, net number, zoning regulations in effect sus tract numb as of the assessment date.



depreciated values, fair market value and assessment value will be shown. A computer-generated sketch of all buildings, with the appropriate scale of such sketch, shall also be shown on these cards. A digital image and GIS map with dimensions.

All PRC design shall be in collaboration with and subject to the Assessor's approval.



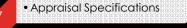
The CONTRACTOR, at its expense, must send data mailers to all owners of each residentially improved parcel of property.... The format of these mailers and the schedule of mailings are subject to the approval of the ASSESSOR.

The data mailers shall **list all fields that affect value, a stamped returnaddressed envelope** and a cover letter which explains the purpose and content of the mailer. The format and content of the data mailer, as well as the cover letter, shall be subject to approval by the ASSESSOR.



The CONTRACTOR will verify or correct the complete listing of all physical details for all residential, commercial and industrial buildings and all structural improvements... Listing will include all interior and exterior construction details, quality of construction, age and condition.

Where necessary the CONTRACTOR shall make two (2) call backs, one of which must be on a weekday between 5:00 PM and 8:00 PM, or on a Saturday



Shall meet or exceed the standards as outlined in the Connecticut Performance Based Revaluation Standards and Certification of Revaluation and USPAP Standard 6.

Valuation

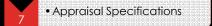
Using CAMA and the mass appraisal procedures developed by the CONTRACTOR, the CONTRACTOR shall calculate a value estimate for each parcel that shall be comprised of 1) land value, 2) building value, 3) other improvement value(s) and 4) total value.

Appraisal Specifications

Sales Approach

Sales analyses of all properties, sold between October 1, 2016 and October 1, 2017 (inclusive), shall be performed as a means of sustaining the values derived.

The sales analyses shall include, at a minimum, sales ratios and coefficients of variance and dispersion. All sales that are part of the sales analyses shall be verified. A sales-assessment analysis with these same factors and measures shall also be done for all sales in a class and in each residential neighborhood.



Shall be valued on the basis of an analysis of all sales data occurring between October 1, 2016 (inclusive) and October 1, 2017 (inclusive).

The CONTRACTOR shall make necessary adjustments in value to compensate for topographical irregularities...Non-conforming uses and zoning variances shall be considered in establishing values. All such adjustments shall only be made if they are market supported.

The CONTRACTOR shall delineate the land value units on all streets and acreage in the TOWN on a suitable map

Appraisal Specifications

Cost Approacl

The CONTRACTOR shall prepare ... building cost schedules. These schedules will reflect the unit-in-place method based upon the square foot or cubic foot area of buildings as applicable. These schedules shall be used in computing the replacement cost in the TOWN for all residential, commercial, industrial, and farm construction. They shall reflect the wage scale for the various trades, labor efficiencies, overhead, profit, engineer and architect fees and all other direct and indirect costs of construction. Before final acceptance they shall be proven by testing against known sales.



Income and expense data gathered by the TOWN shall be utilized...

The income approach shall be applied to all income producing properties.

The CONTRACTOR will establish market rent and market expenses for income producing properties. The CONTRACTOR shall also develop capitalization rates by investigating sales and income data. Capitalization rates shall be established for the various classes of property and checked by bankers, investors and appraisers to ensure their accuracy.



The CONTRACTOR shall perform the income approach using both contract income and expenses and market income and expenses...

The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for entering all income data into the CAMA system. The TOWN shall be responsible for the collection of the M-58 (Income and Expense) Reports.



omprehensive reporting system and be

This program must include a co approved by the ASSESSOR.



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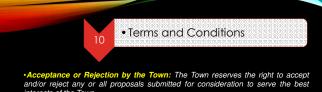
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•Zoning regulations and zoning maps •Existing Property Record Cards •Property Transfers Property mansless
 Building Permits
 Signing of Communications
 Mailing Addresses
 Office Space



interests of the Town. • Freedom of Information Act: All responses to this RFP are subject to possible disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act • Ownership of Subsequent Products: Any product, whether acceptable or

unacceptable, developed under a contract awarded as a result of this RFP is to be

unacceptable, developed index a contract and the sole property of the Town •Timing and sequence: Timing and sequence of events resulting from this RFP will be ultimately be determined by the Town. •Oral Agreements: The Town will not be responsible for any alleged oral

• Terms and Conditions

•Amending or Cancelling Requests: The Town reserves the right to amend or cancel this RFP prior to the due date and time, if it is in the best interest of the Town to do so.

Form to do so. - Rejection for Default or Misrepresentation: The Town reserves the right to reject the Proposal of any bidder that is in default of any prior contract or for

reject the Proposal of any bidder that is in default of any prior contract or for misrepresentation. •**Town's Clerical errors in Awards:** The Town reserves the right to correct inaccurate awards resulting from its clerical error. •**Rejection of Proposals:** Proposals are subject to rejection in whole or in part if they limit or modify any of the terms and conditions and/or specifications of the RFP.

nges to Proposals: No additions or changes to the original Proposal will be editer submittal.

• Terms and Conditions

•Contract Requirements: Upon the award of the RFP, the Town and awarded respondent will enter into final negotiation of the Contract. •Rights Reserved to the Town: The town reserves the right to award in part, to reject any and all fee proposals in whole or in part. •Vithdrawal of Proposal: Negligence on the part of the Proposer in preparing the Proposal confers no right of withdrawal after the time fixed for the acceptance of the Proposal

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Proposal. •Assigning, Transferring of Agreement: The successful Proposer is prohibited from assigning, transferring, conveying, subletting or otherwise disposing of this agreement. •Cost of Preparing Proposal: The Town shall not be responsible for any expenses incurred by the Proposer in preparing and submitting a Proposal. •Compliance with Laws: The respondent shall comply with all federal, state and local two.



BIDDING FROM CONTRACTOR'S PERSPECTIVE

How are Jobs Selected?

How are Jobs Bid?

How are Proposals Written?

How are Employees Hired?













CC	CONTRACTOR'S PERSPECTI EMPLOYEE HIRING							
	Data Collectors							
	Data Entry/Clerical							
	Appraisers							
	Management							

RFP REVAL	UATION BIDS 2017	GRAND LIST
COMPANY	BID	OPTIONS
A	\$ 33,640.00	STREET VIEW
	\$ 35,640.00	INCLUDES PRIVATE RDS & REAR LOTS
в	\$ 210,000.00	NO PHOTOS
	\$ 244,440.00	EXCLUDES FAIR-POOR PROP INSP., AND INCL ALL PHOTOS
		USING
С	\$ 333,000.00	INCLUDES ALL OPTIONS
	\$ 257,500.00	EXCLUDE: THEIR CAMA (USE EXISTING), THEIR OFFICE SPACE COST
		AND INSP OF FAIR-POOR PROPERTIES
D	\$ 290,000.00	INCLUDES DATA MAILERS; EXCLUDES CAMA & PHOTOS
	\$ 314,640.00	USE EXISTING CAMA, EXCLUDES FAIR-POOR PROP INSP,
		INCLUDES PHOTOS USING FACET
E	\$ 176,600.00	INCLUDES PHOTOS, NEW CAMA,
	\$ 158,600.00	EXCLUDES NEW CAMA, FAIR-POOR PROP INSP

WHAT QUESTIONS DO I ASK?

PhotosInspectionsCAMA SoftwareOffice Space

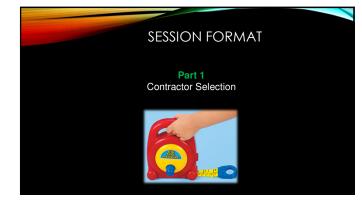


2017 REVALUATION	Α	В
APPROPRIATE BID FORM	YES; VALID TIL 7-1-2016	YES: VALID UNTIL 6-30-2016
WORK HISTORY: COMPLETED JOBS PAST 5 YEARS	3 YEARS	YES
WORK HISTORY: CURRENT JOBS	YES	YES
LISTING OF PERSONNEL TO BE ASSIGNED	YES	NO
CT REVALUATION CERTIFICATION	YES	YES
YEARS IN BUSINESS	SINCE 2003	SINCE 2009
PERFORMANCE BOND OR CERTIFIED CHECK	PERFORMANCE BOND	PERFORMANCE BOND
STAGES OF COMPLETION FORM AND PERCENTAGES	YES	YES
PROPOSAL FOR THE PROJECT	YES	YES
USE EXISTING CAMA SOFTWARE	NO	YES
DESCRIPTION OF PUBLIC RELATIONS PROGRAM	YES	<u>N0</u>
INTERNET INFORMATION	YES	YES
DATA MAILERS; QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM	YES	YES
EXCEPTIONS ON SEPARATE PAPER	EXCEPTIONS NOT SEPARATE	NO EXCEPTIONS
CURRENT NUMBER OF REVAL UNDER CONTRACT	6 (ALL IN CT)	9 (IN 3 STATES)

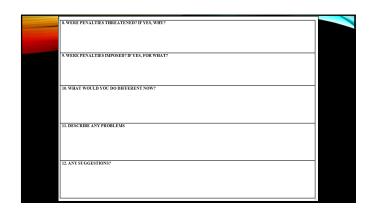


PersonnelPublic RelationsCAMA Software





COMPANY'S NAME	MUNICIPALITY			REVAL	JUATION		PERSON RESPONDING
		YEAR	т	YPE	FINISHE	D/IN PROGRESS	
		POOR	FAIR	GOOD	VGOOD	OTHER	COMMENTS
1. OVER-ALL JOB PERFORMA	NCE						
2.VALUES: OVER-ALL							
RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL							
3.PERSONNEL: OVER-ALL							
RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL DATA PROCESSING							
4.LISTING:							
RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL		-					
5.CO-COOPERATIVE NESS							
6. RESPONSIVENESS							
7. SUPERVISOR'S NAME							









WHAT QUESTIONS DO I ASK?

CAMA SOFTWARE

What about a standardized "TEST DRIVE" for all Proposers?

WHAT QUESTIONS DO I ASK?

CAMA "TEST DRIVE"

Adding Account Adding a Deck Adding an Addition Changing Use Type Running State Reports Bridging to Admin File

WHAT QUESTIONS DO I ASK?

•STATE TESTING •DOCUMENTATION • APPEAL BOARD

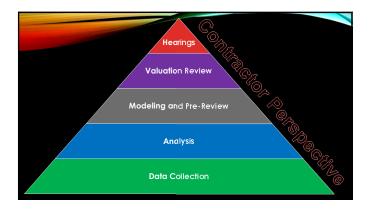






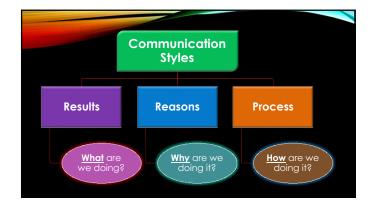






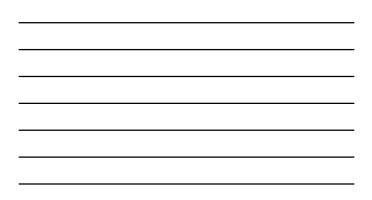
















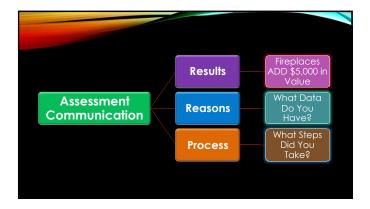
Results Style Receivers are Impatient With:						
Long Discussions	Bureaucracy	Team Decision Making				
Others Who Don't See Their Point of View	Things They Don't Like To Do	Questions They Think You Should Know the Answer To				



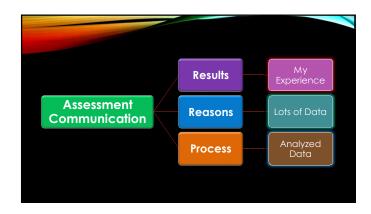


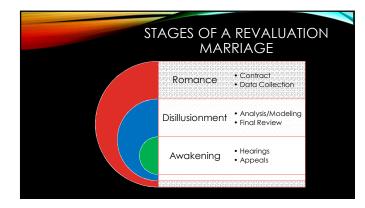


















ANALYSIS PHASE

- What is a valuation model?
- What is stratification?
- What is Regression?
- What is a built up cost table market model?
- What is a land curve?
- What is a COD?
- What is a PRD?
- What is Grading?
- What is Effective Age?

WHAT QUESTIONS DO I ASK?

- Can I see the Land Tables and Land Curve?
- Can we review your Grading Characteristics?
- Can we review your Cost Tables?
- How did you create the Depreciation Tables?
- Have you begun to compile Documentation?
- Have you reviewed the sales against the model before you start review?
- Why is the COD so low and less than 5%?



THE PROJECT STAGE: THE "ROMANTIC" IDEAL

Assessor Role

- Protect Interests of Jurisdiction
- Public Relations
- Follow Contract
- Collaborate

- Protect Interests of BusinessRepeat Business
- Follow Contract
- Collaborate

THE PROJECT STAGE: "DISILLUSIONMENT"

Assessor Role

- Protect Interests of Jurisdiction
- Hide and Blame
- Find ways to get free services outside of Contract language

- Protect Interests of Business • Hide, Hit and Run Business Model
- Find ways to skirt contract language

THE PROJECT STAGE: "MISERY"

Assessor Role

- Protect Interests of Jurisdiction • Hide, Blame, Hit and Run Government Model
- Find ways to get free services outside of Contract language Miss Deadlines
- Incomplete Work

• Protect Interests of Business

- Hide, Blame, Hit and Run Business Model
- Find ways to skirt contract language
- Miss Deadlines
- Incomplete Work

THE PROJECT STAGE: **GIFTS AND TALENTS**

Assessor

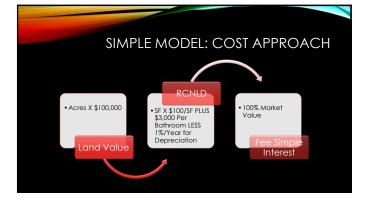
- Knows local market
- Knows intimate database details
- Knows local political realm
- Knows about the last Reval

- Knows Regional Market
- Knows how to deal with larger database and models
- If repeat business knows model and table specifications

GIFTS ANI	D TALENTS
ASSESSOR	CONTRACTOR
Local Market	Regional Market
Property Details	Larger Database
Political Realm	Methodology
Details of Last Reval	Model Specifications



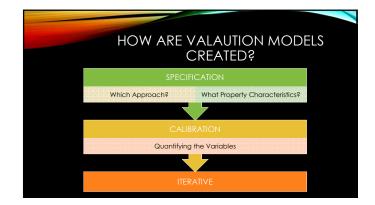
A Valuation Model is a simple statement or formula used on quantities of data to estimate market value.

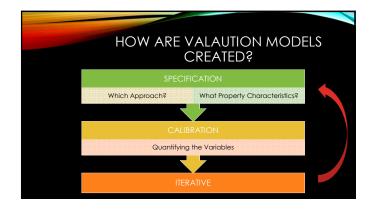


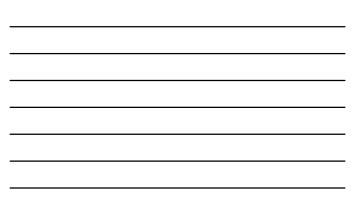


MRA MODEL EQUATION	
Constant	-114,551.4550
Land Value	7,690.0000
Finish Basement	161.7560
Finish Rec Room	60.2700
First Story =3?	-78.1160
First Story (R Basement Type <=2)	-145.9880
Number of Fireplaces	6,743.4610
Number of Full Baths	54,882.2690
Number of Half Baths	30,000.0000
SF Living Area	387.5840
SF Living Area (Town House)	91.5440
SF Living Area (Cape)	-37.9940
SF Living Area (Split Level)	-116.3820
SF Living Area (Contemporary/Mansion)	-44.4660
SF Living Area (Row House)	65,5030
SF Living Area (Conventional/Old Style)	31.6590
SF Living Area (Grade C)	-131.5630
SF Living Area (Grade B)	-87,0800
SF Living Area (Grade A)	-61.4160
SF Living Area (Grade D)	-100.0000
Overall Condition (Poor)	-85,0000
Overall Condition (Fair)	-25.0000
Overall Condition (Normal)	0.0000
Overall Condition (Good)	14,0100
Overall Condition (Excellent)	85.9100
Attached Garage SF	367.9220
Detached Garage SF	313.3250
Square Root of Age	-2,651.2840
Square Root of Air Conditioned Living Area	765.7070

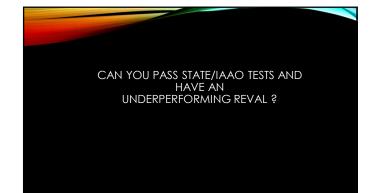
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CASE STUDY 1 REVALTOWN MODEL TESTING

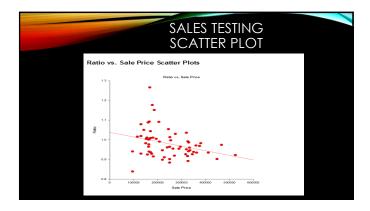


SALES TESTING								
LOCATION	SALE PRICE	MARKET VALUE	SALE DATE	TYPE	AREA	SP/SF	GRADE	YEAR BUILT
37 BRIAN DR	\$270,000	\$248,368	7/3/2002	COLONIAL	2339	\$115.43	AVERAGE	1961-1980
92 SCHOOL RD	\$170,000	\$171,604	7/8/2002	COLONIAL	1267	\$134.18	AVERAGE	1941-1960
52 BROOKFIELD RD	\$152,000	\$152,803	7/22/2002	RANCH	912	\$166.67	FAIR	1941-1960
123 BOLTON CENTER RD	\$170,900	\$160,116	7/23/2002	RANCH	1352	\$126.41	AVERAGE	1941-1960
14 NORTH RD	\$115,000	\$116,879	7/26/2002	RANCH	902	\$127.49	FAIR	1941-1960
181 WEST ST	\$130,000	\$120,932	7/31/2002	RANCH	1122	\$115.86	AVERAGE	1961-1980
136 HEBRON RD	\$350,000	\$328,613	8/1/2002	SPLIT LEVEL	1896	\$184.60	GOOD	1700-1800
58 TINKER POND RD	\$219,900	\$208,297	8/16/2002	COLONIAL	2010	\$109.40	AVERAGE	1981-2000
4 BROOKSIDE LANE	\$333,000	\$319,949	8/20/2002	COLONIAL	2074	\$160.56	AVERAGE	1961-1980
7 SHODDY MILL RD	\$363,000	\$339,521	8/23/2002	COLONIAL	2706	\$134.15	GOOD	1981-2000
29 LYMAN RD	\$205,000	\$223,713	8/26/2002	RAISED RANCH	1550	\$132.26	AVERAGE	1961-1980



SALES TESTING COD, PRD AND MEDIAN											
- Appraisal Ratio Study											
Dataset C:\Users\Owner\Documents\NRAAO\Work\pbt11REVISEDTEST2.xls Ratio Formula Ratio = ESTIMATED_MARKET_VALUE / SALE_PRICE											
Ratio Summary	Ratio Summary Statistics Section										
Break Column [None]	Count 65	Median 0.9654	Mean 0.9813	Wtd. Mean 0.9725	IQR 0.0786	SD 0.0721	COD 5.351	COV 7.3490	PRD 1.0090	PRB -0.0258	
VMd. Mean: Weighted Mean IQR: Interquartile Range COD: Coefficient of Dispersion COV: Coefficient of Variation PRD: Price-Related Differential PRB: Coefficient of Price-Related Bias											

SALES TESTING IAAO STANDARDS									
Type of property	Mean and/or median	Coefficient of Dispersion [COD]	Price Related Differential [PRD]						
IAAO Standards	0.90–1.10	15.0 or less	0.98–1.03						
REVALTOWN	97%	5.3%	1.009						
RESULTS	Passed	Passed	Passed						



SALES TE		
DESCRIPTIVE		
Data 💌	SUMMARY	
Min of SALE PRICE	\$95,000	
Max of SALE PRICE	\$525,000	
Average of SALE PRICE	\$244,058	
Average of AREA	1,960	
Average of yearbuilt	1964	
Min of SP/SF	\$32.33	
Max of SP/SF	\$184.60	
Average of SP/SF	\$129.41	
	· ·	

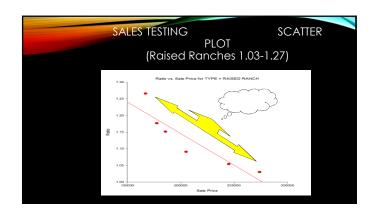
SALES TESTING DESCRIPTIVE RANGES BY STYLE										
	TYPE 🔻									
Data 🔻	CAPE	COLONIAL	RAISED RANCH	RANCH	SPLIT LEVEL	SUMMARY				
Min of SALE PRICE	\$150,000	\$95,000	\$167,000	\$115,000	\$155,000	\$95,000				
Max of SALE PRICE	\$345,000	\$525,000	\$273,900	\$325,000	\$350,000	\$525,000				
Average of SALE PRICE	\$223,333	\$279,967	\$209,000	\$187,150	\$237,750	\$244,058				
Average of AREA	2,365	2,311	1,421	1,362	1,906	1,960				
Average of yearbuilt	1949	1978	1970	1 963	1888	1964				
Min of SP/SF	\$85.14	\$32.33	\$132.26	\$113.96	\$81.51	\$32.33				
Max of SP/SF	\$115.74	\$177.63	\$168.69	\$166.67	\$184.60	\$184.60				
Average of SP/SF	\$99.62	\$125.32	\$148.18	\$137.67	\$126.69	\$129.41				

		and the first state of the second state of the	the second s							
SALES TESTING STYLE AS INTERVENING VARIABLE										
				Appraisa	al Ratio S	tudy - TYF	Έ			
Dataset C:\Users\Owner\Documents\WRAAO\Work\pbt11REVISEDTEST2.xls Ratio Formula Ratio = ESTIMATED_MARKET_VALUE / SALE_PRICE										
Ratio Summary	Statistic	s Section		Wtd.						
TYPE	Count	Median	Mean	Mean	IQR	SD	COD	COV	PRD	PRB
CAPE	3	0.9295	0.9465	0.9402	0.0559	0.0316	2.004	3.3368	1.0067	-0.0355
COLONIAL	34	0.9637	0.9652	0.9601	0.0616	0.0538	4.226	5.5739	1.0053	-0.0125
RAISED RANCH	> 6	1.1215	1.1286	1.1153	0.1508	0.0876	6.224	7.7599	1.0120	-0.3063
RANCH	16	0.9651	0.9763	0.9695	0.0817	0.0520	4.364	5.3249	1.0070	-0.0485
SPLIT LEVEL	6	0.9456	0.9561	0.9510	0.0871	0.0438	3.564	4.5849	1.0053	-0.0332
Combined	65	0.9654	0.9813	0.9725	0.0786	0.0539	5.351	5.4937	1.0090	-0.0258



SALES TESTING STYLE AS INTERVENING VARIABI									
Additional Ratio Summary Statistics Section									
ТҮРЕ	Count	Min	Max	Range					
CAPE	3 34	0.9271 0.8397	0.9830	0.0559					
RAISED RANC		1.0305	1.2663	0.2358					
RANCH	16	0.9118	1.0886	0.1768					
SPLIT LEVEL	6	0.9026	1.0115	0.1089					







SALES TESTING GRADE AS INTERVENING VARIABLE								
Additional Ratio Summary Statistics Section								
GRADE AVERAGE FAIR GOOD	Count 32 15 18	Min 0.8993 0.9295 0.8397	Max 1.2663 1.0928 1.0361	Range 0.3671 0.1632 0.1964				
Combined	65	0.8397	1.2663	0.4266				

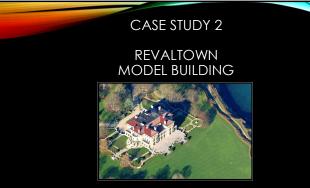


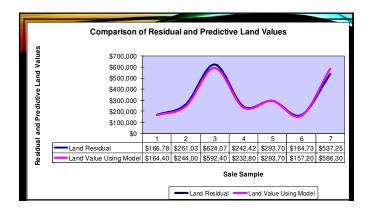
				S.	ALE:	s tes	stin	IG		
		10								
		AC	7E A	'? II/	IER	VEN	INC	7 V A	NKI A	NRE
			Ар	praisal R	atio Study	- YEAR_I	BUILT			
Dataset C:\Users\Owner\Documents\NRAAO\Work\pbt11REVISEDTEST2.xls										
Ratio Formula Ratio = ESTIMATED_MARKET_VALUE / SALE_PRICE										
Ratio Summary Statistics Section										
<u> </u>	otatione	5 500101		Wtd.						
YEAR_BUILT		Median	Mean	Mean	IQR	SD	COD	COV	PRD	PRB
1700-1800	2	0.9323	0.9323	0.9348	0.0132	0.0093	0.708	1.0008	0.9973	0.0122
1901-1940	5	1.0114	1.0023	0.9998	0.0934	0.0550	3.693	5.4882	1.0025	-0.0348
1941-1960 1961-1980	18 15	0.9619	1.0143	0.9837	0.0677	0.0536	3.928 8.911	5.4011	1.0095	-0.0679
			1.0143	1.0047		0.1126		11.1010		-0.0504
1981-2000	20	0.9514		0.9498	0.0561		3.138	3.9734	1.0050	-0.0448
2001-2005	5	0.9413	0.9454	0.9657	0.1179	0.0714	5.009	7.5485	0.9790	0.0422
Combined	65	0.9654	0.9813	0.9725	0.0786	0.0669	5.351	6.8159	1.0090	-0.0258
1										

SALES TESTING QUESTION ABOUT DATA AND ANALYSIS

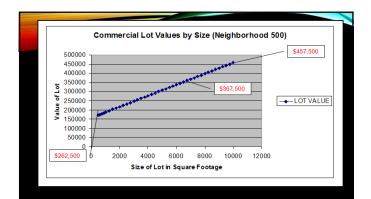
What can we say about this data? • Passes IAAO Standards • Raised Ranch Style below Standards • Older Homes below Standards

Should the Reval Company do more work? What else should we do as Assessors?











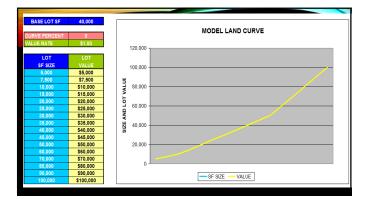


(((subject lot size)-(base lot size)) X (incremental adjustment) if subject lot is larger than the base lot size OR X (decremental adjustment) if subject lot is smaller than base lot size) PLUS (base size*base rate))

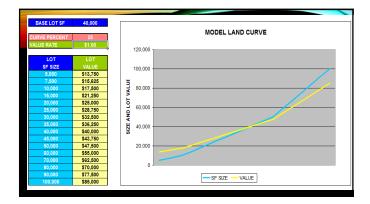
MODEL BUILDING: THE LAND CURVE

Base size = 5,000 SF Base rate = \$8.00/SF Incremental = .092/SF Decremental = \$4.00/SF

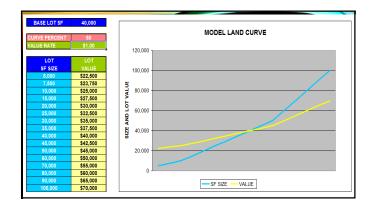
Subject Lot = 3,800 SF (((3,800-5,000)*4)+(5,000*8)) = **\$35,200**



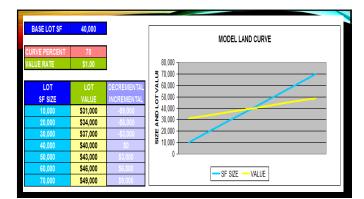


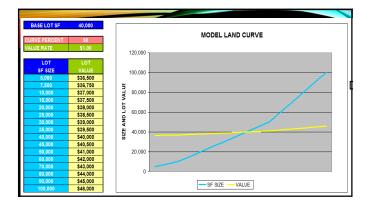


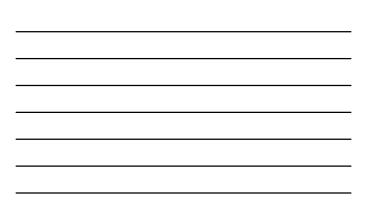












REVIEW PROCESS

• Does the Assessor have to be in the car with me?

- What happens when we disagreed about grading?
- What about that neighborhood they are always talking about?
 - "What you call tweaking I call a correction"



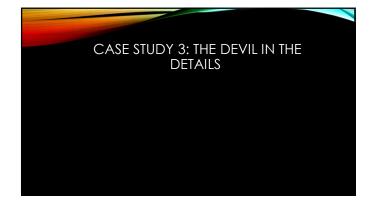
- What Does USPAP have to do with Reval?
- Do Assessors have to adhere to USPAP since they are not "appraisers"?

 Do Reval folks have to adhere to USPAP since they are not "appraisers"?

DOCUMENTATION

Is Documentation required during a reval?
Is Documentation helpful?
Do Reval companies want to write it?
Do Assessors ever read it?





CASE STUDY 3: THE DEVIL IN THE DETAILS

PREMISE:

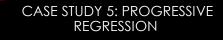
- Assessor wants the Reval company to have an adjustment for brick siding in the market and cost model
- The Reval Contractor says "I have never seen any market evidence to support such an adjustment"
- The Assessor says "a builder in Town is charging 10% more for brick houses."
 - What should the Reval Contractor do?
 What should the Assessor do?

CASE STUDY 4: AIN'T NOTHING SOFT ABOUT SOFTWARE

CASE STUDY 4: AIN'T NOTHING SOFT ABOUT SOFTWARE

PREMISE:

- Assessor wants a simple report showing residential sales ratios stratified by decade
- The Reval Supervisor says "We have no report like that and the depreciation chart works by individual year and not by decade we would have to charge you"
- The Assessor says "it's a simple report...that's just stupid" • What should the Reval Contractor say? • What should the Assessor do?



CASE STUDY 5: PROGRESSIVE REGRESSION

PREMISE:

- \bullet The reval company shows that MRA produces the best sales ratio results with a 99% ASR, 4% COD and 1.005 PRD
- The Assessor says "How in the world am I going to explain regression across the counter?"
- The Reval Supervisor "but it works...just tell the public that and the ratios prove it"

• What should the Assessor say?

• What should the Reval Contractor do?



CASE STUDY 6: VACATION TIME

PREMISE:

- The Assessor informs the Reval Supervisor that he is leaving for two weeks the day that notices go out
- The Reval Supervisor says "You are leaving all this on me? Your staff and the public is going to flip out.."
- \bullet The Assessor says "aww.. You can handle it…its my 25th Anniversary"

• What should the Assessor do? • What should the Reval Contractor say?

CASE STUDY 7: THE STATISTICIAN

CASE STUDY 7: THE STATISTICIAN

PREMISE:

- A taxpayer, who is a statistician, floods the office with data that shows assessment changes did not follow a bell curve and demands a public meeting and wants the reval thrown out.
- The Assessor says to the Reval Supervisor "What are we going to do? The guy is right 70% of the assessments went up and 30% went down slightly..."

• What should the Assessor do?

• What should the Reval Contractor do?

CASE STUDY 8: THE MAYOR FACTOR

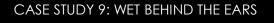
CASE STUDY 8: THE MAYOR FACTOR

PREMISE:

- The mayor demands a meeting with the Reval Supervisor when he finds out the commercials went down and the residentials went up.
- The Reval Supervisor asks the Assessor to be present at the meeting and the Assessor says "No way – you can handle this"

• What should the Assessor do?

• What should the Reval Contractor do?



CASE STUDY 9: WET BEHIND THE EARS

PREMISE:

- The Assessor finds out that his Project Supervisor has never done any waterfront valuation.
- When asked, the owner of the Reval Company says "Well, she has done lots of view properties before and besides I will be checking all of her work – no problem"

• What should the Assessor say? • What should the Reval Contractor do?

CASE STUDY 10: THE NEGATIVE PERCENTAGE CHART

CASE STUDY 10: THE NEGATIVE PERCENTAGE CHART

PREMISE:

• The Assessor notices that the Town has been overbilled for data collection and that there is only \$2,000 left in reval account, and notices have not been even sent yet.

What should the Assessor do?
 What should the Reval Contractor do?



CASE STUDY 11: THE EFFECTIVE ATTORNEY

PREMISE:

- A well respected attorney insists that the Commercial Sales that occurred in the City were sold without knowledge that assessments might double due to the reval and that the tax rate would remain constant.
- A well respected property tax consultant concurs and suggests that the sales need to be adjusted downward to reflect a different ETR.



PREMISE:

- The reval contractor verified the sales with the buyers and/or sellers and found the sales to be valid and that the ETR used was correct at the time of sale. He also insists that that prospective purchasers and mortgage holders of high rise office towers did their due diligence.
- The Assessor concurs that the sales are valid, and that taxes will double on many high rise office towers.

CASE STUDY 11: THE EFFECTIVE ATTORNEY

PREMISE:

- The attorney wants to litigate the matter
- The mayor is concerned about driving out business

What should the Assessor do?

- What should the Reval Contractor do? • What should the Court do?
 - What should the mayor do?

HOW CAN I HELP YOU?

Reassessment Monitor

•Contract Design Consulting

Public Relations Presentations

Statistical Analysis

•Litigation Analysis and Strategy •Complex Commercial Appraisal



QUESTION EVERYTHING... LEARN SOMETHING

OHN VALENTE, ASA (413) 387-3428 Serene storm@Hotmail.com

> <u>NRAAO</u> MAY 22, 2017

